POST NATAL

Infant Health

P1 - States-wise : Total Live births, & weight and breast feeding

States/UTs wise total live births, number of preterm new borns & NBSU admissions as reported in HMIS 2021-22

State/UT	Total Live Births	Number of Pre term newborns (< 37 weeks of pregnancy)	Number of Admission in NBSU (New Born Stabilisation Unit)
All India	20338078	767513	651097
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3706	455	1591
Andhra Pradesh	752843	20099	56588
Arunachal Pradesh	20201	608	309
Assam	565794	23343	7616
Bihar	1998539	32400	13258
Chandigarh	19529	2040	956
Chhattisgarh	473012	22403	22933
Delhi	226552	21867	14143
Goa	14585	1292	589
Gujarat	1092293	37290	39079
Haryana	510243	26687	16553
Himachal Pradesh	88380	5130	7855
Jammu And Kashmir	190504	6831	11137
Jharkhand	708234	13174	7445
Kamataka	876419	35775	59917
Kerala	430674	19556	53256
Ladakh	3503	112	58
Lakshadweep	919	33	276
Madhya Pradesh	1301504	77221	24093
Maharashtra	1747059	56377	51080
Manipur	29262	316	243
Meghalaya	81463	2616	2549
Mizoram	19122	392	1329
Nagaland	16367	186	3109
Odisha	623877	38340	7923
Puducherry	31497	1691	391
Punjab	370996	18434	6235
Rajasthan	1279440	49489	77652
Sikkim	6715	83	75
Tamil Nadu	920615	24206	39925
Telangana	606638	7574	38262
The Dadra And Nagar Haveli And Daman And Diu	10599	1455	2172
Tripura	49625	1994	2791
Uttarakhand	156175	4483	8511
Uttar Pradesh	3856787	89003	39331
West Bengal	1254407	124558	31867

In India, 12.49 percent infants were found to be of low weight against those infants weighed at birth

•In India, an estimated 26 millions of children are born every year.

•Children **0-6 years age group accounts 13% (as per Census 2011**) of the total population of country and nearly one fifth of the world's annual childbirths (as per UNICEF).

•Around **3.5 million babies in India are born too early** and more than one million new-borns are discharged each year from Special New-born Care Units (SNCUs). The newborn delivered early and those who are admitted in SNCU are at high risk and need focused care.

•Early Initiation of Breast feeding: Whether delivery takes place in an institution or at home initiating breastfeeding in the first hour of life where the newborn is significantly more likely to survive. The practice of early initiation can decrease the newborn mortality and morbidity, which should be an integral part of safe delivery procedure. •In FY 2020-21 and FY 21-22 percentage of new born breast fed within 1 hr of delivery is more than 90% at All India Level including most of the States/UTs.

Source : HMIS 2020-2021 & 2021-2021 an Analytical report | Health management information system under National Health Misssion